

This manual is for the EZflow product,
but the same principles apply to EZ-Drain.

EZflow Drainage Systems Design and Installation Manual



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NDS is the industry’s primary source for solutions in stormwater management, efficient landscape irrigation, and water management valves for the residential and non-residential markets. In our drive to innovate and provide our customers with high-performing solutions fitted to the changing needs of our environment, we have expanded our green-build products and sustainable applications to include EZflow, a pre-engineered French Drain that is not only sustainable, but also cost effective and simple to install.

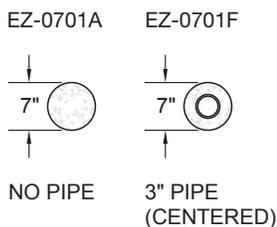
*The purpose of this manual is to provide specific design and installation information pertinent to the use of **EZflow** drainage products in French, interceptor, curtain, landscape, golf course, foundation, retaining wall, roof runoff and basement/crawl-space drainage applications. Each revised version of this manual supersedes the previous version. For information please contact NDS at 1-800-726-1994 or your local sales representative*

EZflow drainage products must be used in conjunction with manufacturer’s instructions and local and/or state code.

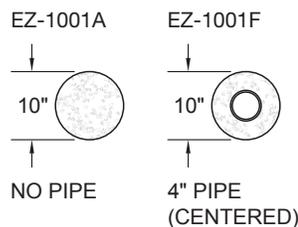
EZflow Drainage Products

EZflow drainage bundles are 10 feet in length with a slotted pipe surrounded by expanded polystyrene aggregate and enclosed in geotextile mesh. Configurations are available in 7-inch bundles with or without a 3-inch pipe, 10-inch bundles with or without a 4-inch pipe, and 15-inch bundles with or without a 6-inch pipe. Accessories include 3-inch, 4-inch, and 6-inch internal couplers, end caps. **EZflow** bundles can also be used with internal tees, and internal wyes. The 15-inch bundles are available with the pipe located in the center or bottom of the bundle for varying applications. Unless specifically required by code or other requirement, the pipe can be either centered or at the bottom of the bundle. Illustrations shown herein are generic and may show either configuration.

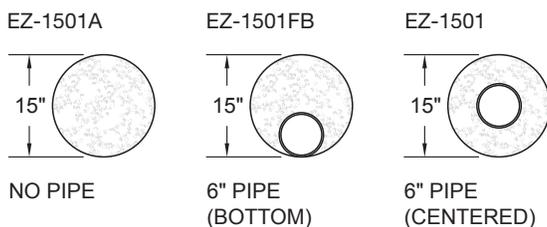
7-inch Bundles



10-inch Bundles



15-inch Bundles



Accessories



Slotted Drain Pipe

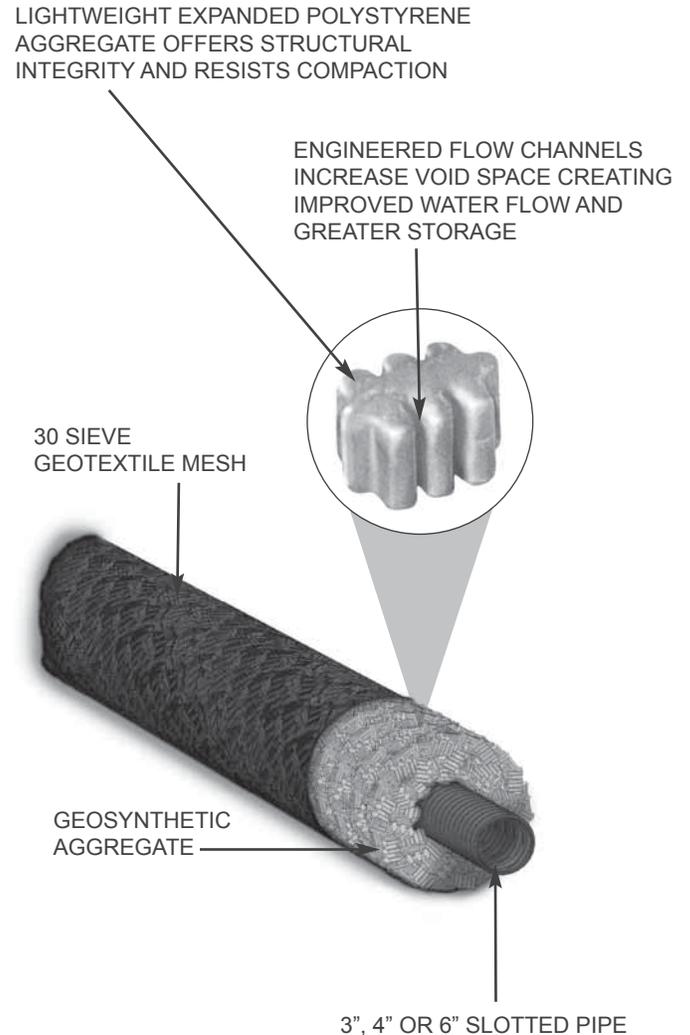
The black, single-wall, corrugated **EZflow** drainage pipe is constructed of polyethylene resins with a high recycled content, typically greater than 90%. Nominal 3-inch diameter pipe is utilized in the 7-inch bundle, 4-inch pipe in the 10-inch bundle, and 6-inch pipe in the 15-inch bundle. Slots are punched during extrusion of the pipe, slot orientation is “random” and pipe rotation within each bundle is inconsequential to drainage system function. The pipe is aligned either along the center axis or touching bottom edge of the bundle, depending upon application and code requirements. **EZflow** drainage pipe meets ASTM F405 Standard Specification for Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Pipe and Fittings. A roughness coefficient of 0.015 (Manning’s “n”) should be used in flow calculations for 3- to 6-inch corrugated polyethylene pipe with a corrugated interior.

Geosynthetic Aggregate

The blue geosynthetic **EZflow** drainage aggregate is manufactured from 100% recycled materials. Made from expanded polystyrene (EPS), the aggregate beads have a fine to medium cell structure and two sizes are utilized; the smaller in the 7-inch bundles and the larger in the 10- and 15-inch bundles. Both beads are cubical and have protuberances that provide increased pore space and flow characteristics for drainage applications. For storage applications, a porosity of 40% is recommended for consolidated EPS aggregate within the bundle.

Geotextile Mesh

The black, knit geotextile mesh sock holds the **EZflow** drainage bundle together. The 30-sieve geotextile mesh fabric used for the sock provides appropriate permeability for drainage while limiting the migration of soils into the bundle and drainage system. The geotextile mesh has an apparent opening size of 0.60 mm, a unit weight between 2.5 to 3.5 ounces per square yard, and strength of 100 pounds per square inch in accordance with ASTM D-3786. The flow rate through the geotextile mesh, as provided by the manufacturer, is 300 gallons/square foot/minute at 3 inches of head in accordance with ASTM D-4491.



Usage Guidelines

SAFE HANDLING

Individual **EZflow** drainage bundles are 10 feet in length and range in weight from 2 pounds for the 7-inch aggregate-only bundles to 13 pounds for the 15-inch bundles with pipe. Several bundles are wrapped together in clear plastic for shipping. *The clear plastic wrapping must not be installed along with the bundle and should be removed prior to installation and disposed of properly.*

BENDS AND CORNERS

EZflow drainage aggregate-only bundles can bend around and into most corners with ease.

PIPE CONNECTIONS

Bundles with pipe require couplers to make connections between bundles and other system piping components. Insert the appropriately sized coupler into the **EZflow** bundle until the coupler clicks into place, insert the remaining coupler end into the next bundle or system component and click into place to finish this connection. Connections to cleanouts, catch basins, manholes and other system components may require gaskets or the use of grout to form soil tight and watertight seals as needed.

REDUCING BUNDLE LENGTH

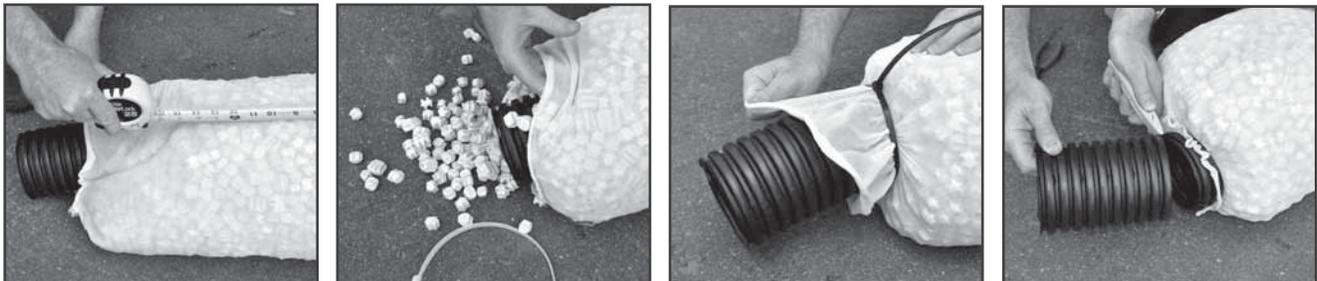
If a ten-foot **EZflow** bundle length is not required, the bundle can be cut and retied to the desired length with the original tie, wire or duct tape, and the excess beads can be placed in the excavation. Bundle length can be reduced as follows:

First, measure the desired length plus one-half the product diameter from one end of the bundle.

Second, cut the mesh around the bundle circumference at the measured distance, remove excessive EPS aggregate from mesh and place the excess EPS aggregate in the trench.

Third, twist the mesh until the EPS aggregate is held firmly inside the bundle and secure the mesh. If the bundle has a pipe, gather the mesh against the pipe until the aggregate is held firmly in place, secure mesh into place, apply a zip tie and tighten.

Lastly, for a bundle with pipe trim any excess pipe down to the desired length.



INSTALLATION IN FINE-GRAINED SOILS

If a system needs to be installed in soils that have more than 50% by content silt or clay particles, a secondary fabric with the appropriate apparent opening size to match soil conditions should be wrapped around the circumference of the system. An engineer or landscape architect should be consulted to determine the appropriate fabric for such conditions.

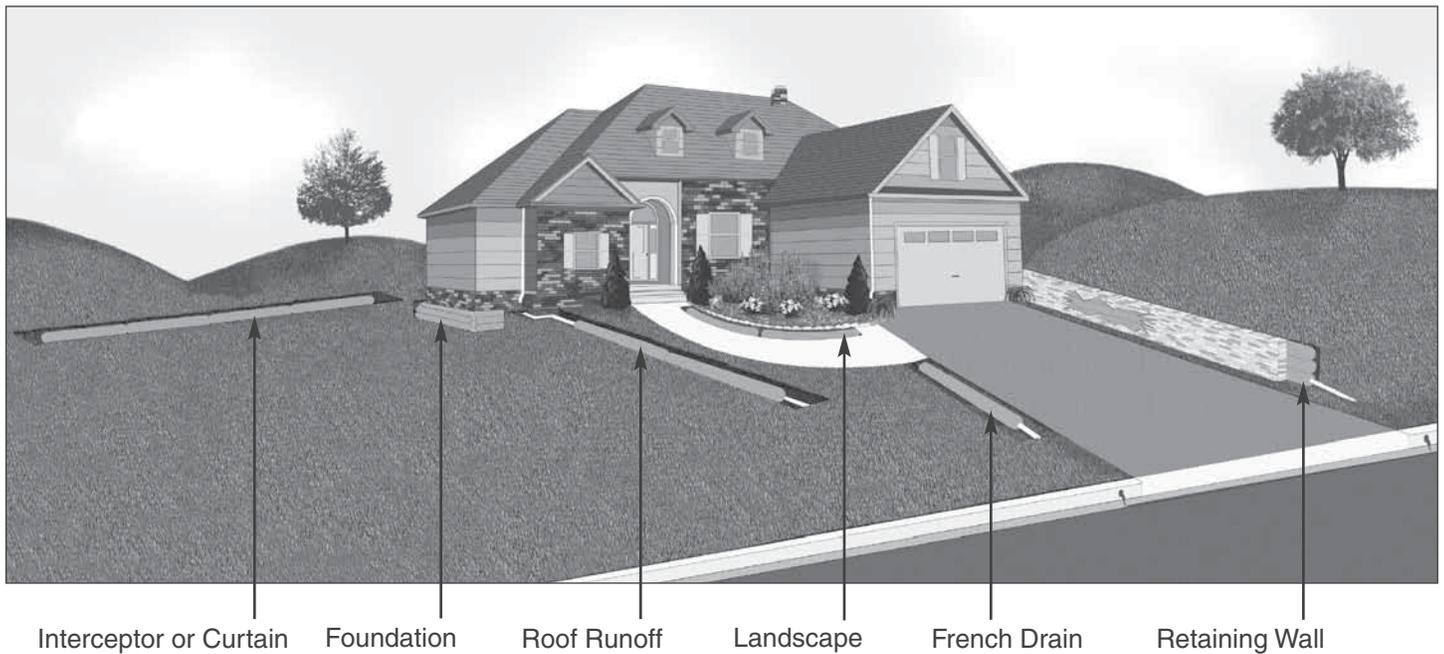
PRODUCT STORAGE

EZflow drainage products should not be exposed to direct sunlight for periods exceeding 60 days as the mesh fabric may become compromised and yellowing of the aggregate has been observed. It is recommended that **EZflow** drainage products be stored inside and away from direct sunlight. Product should be covered securely with a light-blocking tarp if stored outside for extended periods.

STRUCTURAL CAPABILITY

EZflow drainage systems are designed for use in residential and light commercial non-traffic drainage applications. **EZflow** drainage systems are designed to withstand single pass construction wheel loading and occasional light vehicular load of up to 16,000 lbs per axle provided the product is installed in a trench with 12" of compacted fill placed over the bundles. **EZflow** drainage systems are not designed to be placed under live-load traffic conditions such as paved or non-paved roadways, driveways, or parking areas.

Applications



EZ_{flow} drainage systems are appropriate for a wide range of applications and are a convenient alternative to traditional stone and pipe drainage, storage and infiltration systems. **EZ_{flow}** drainage systems can be used as a substitute for stone in most applications where the stone is not utilized for structural support. When stone does serve as structural support, such as a base course in a roadway or backfill in a mechanically-stabilized-earth retaining wall, **EZ_{flow}** should not be used. A professional engineer, landscape architect or other qualified design professional should be consulted for complex applications.

Product selection is relative to the desired application and benefits from establishing anticipated flow into, through and out of a proposed drainage system configuration. Selection considerations include: bundle sizing and storage volume, the presence or absence of pipe, pipe size and location within the bundle, and arrangement of bundles. Design factors may include: length of system, watershed area, soil type and permeability, groundwater levels and system discharge opportunities. **EZ_{flow}** drainage storage volumes and pipe discharge rates are listed below. Basic product selection, system configuration considerations and installation methods are discussed in each application description that follows.

Storage and Flow for EZ_{flow} Drainage Bundles (45% void space amongst consolidated EPS aggregate)					
Aggregate-Only Bundles			Pipe Bundles		
Product	Storage Volume (gallons/10-ft bundle)	Flow Capacity (gpm @ 1% slope)	Product	Storage Volume (gallons/10-ft bundle)	Flow Capacity (gpm @ 1% slope)
EZ-0701A	8.8	37.1	EZ-0701F	11.4	80.8
EZ-1001A	17.2	75.7	EZ-1001F	21.5	130.9
EZ-1501A	36.5	170.3	EZ-1501F/EZ-1501FB	45.8	345.0

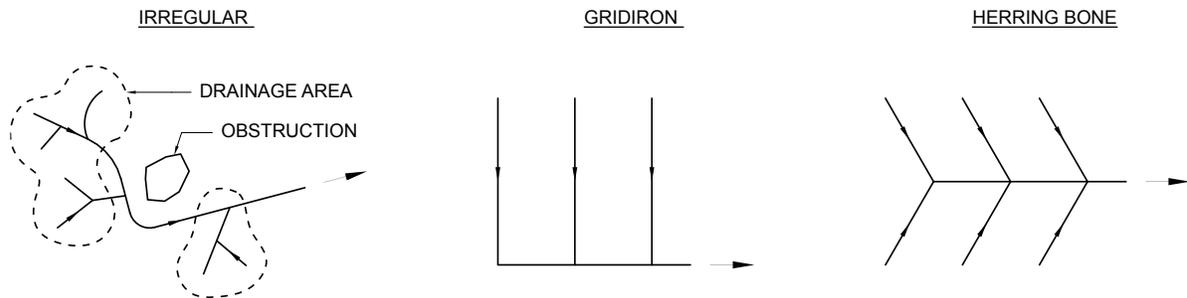
French Drains

Subsurface drainage systems have been in common use for centuries. They take many forms, but are all similar in design and function to the traditional French drain. French drains are excavated trenches filled with aggregate surrounding a slotted or perforated pipe that conveys excess surface and groundwater to a discharge point away from the drainage area. **EZflow** drainage products can be used as a substitution for conventional aggregate in French drain systems.

PLACEMENT

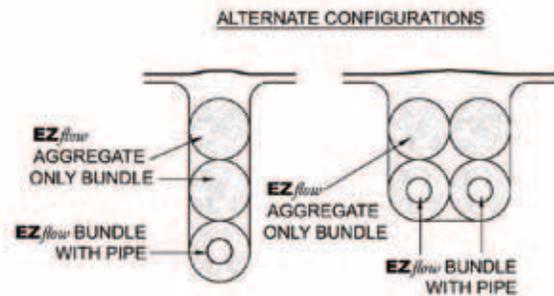
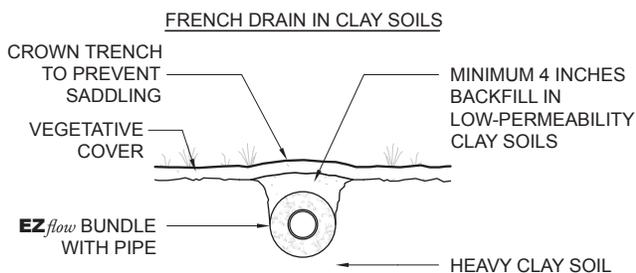
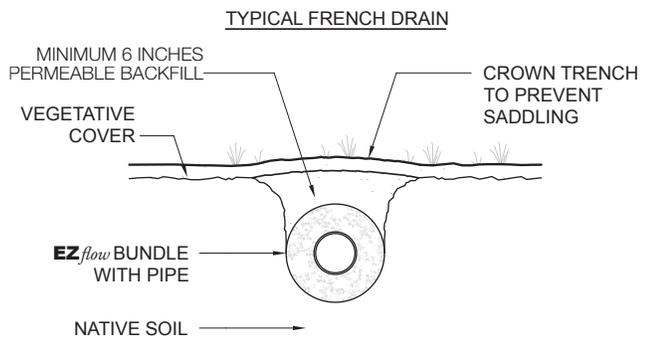
EZflow drainage French drains should be laid out strategically to dewater irregular, poorly drained areas. A defined pattern such as a herring bone and gridiron should be used to drain complete areas including lawns, athletic fields, golf course greens and sand traps. These patterns include laterals that drain to collectors that discharge to an outfall. In general, laterals should not be longer than 50 feet and collectors no longer than 100 feet without increasing the pipe diameter downstream. In addition, the slope of each downgradient run should increase throughout the length of the system.

Trench depth and spacing will vary depending on soil texture of the area being drained. Trench depth can also be limited by outlet conditions in flatter areas. Lines may be spaced widely and deeply in sandy soils, and are generally placed shallower and closer together in clay soils.



PRODUCT

The 7-inch **EZflow** drainage bundles with integrated 3-inch pipe are appropriate for small area residential subsurface drainage systems. 10-inch bundles with 4-inch pipe can be used to drain areas of up to two acres in poorly drained organic soils. In larger areas or if there is over 200 feet of pipe upstream, the 15-inch bundles with 6-inch pipe are recommended.



Minimum Recommended Depth of Cover*	
Condition	Depth (in.)
Residential area, commercial lawn mowers	6**
Athletic fields with consistent activity	8
Areas with occasional light vehicular traffic	12

* It is recommended that **EZflow** drainage systems be installed a minimum of 6 inches below existing or planned subsurface irrigation lines.
 ** In low-permeability clay soils, trenches can be placed with a minimum 4 inches of permeable backfill.

French Drain Installation Instructions

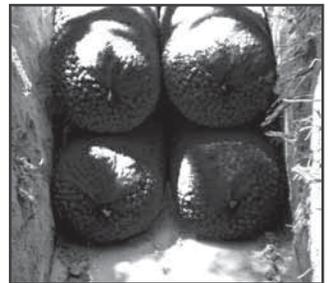
The steps below offer typical installation practices for French drains and will vary based on site conditions. These practices are also applicable to landscape plant bed drains and for wet areas on golf courses.

1. Identify the area to be drained and mark off lateral and collector lines before digging beginning trench excavation.

2. Start excavating the trench at the discharge point or where connections to downstream piping will be made. Trench width should be equal to the diameter of the bundle being used. Trench depth will reflect existing terrain, desired drainage line slope and length, height of bundles(s) and required cover thickness. Ensure proper slopes by using a transit or builder's level and grade the trench bottom evenly for proper flow.

3. Place the **EZflow** drainage bundle with pipe end to end along the edge of the trench. Use an end cap at the system high point and fully insert the proper couplings at all bundle-to-bundle connections. Lay the connected bundles with pipe in trench, stacking aggregate-only bundles above these bundles as needed.

4. Place a minimum of 4-inches permeable backfill (see recommended depths of cover on page 6) over the bundles without compaction. Additional sand/backfill can be placed and compacted normally above the loose fill to prevent trench saddling. Cover trench with sod or topsoil and seed to finish installation.



Interceptor Drains

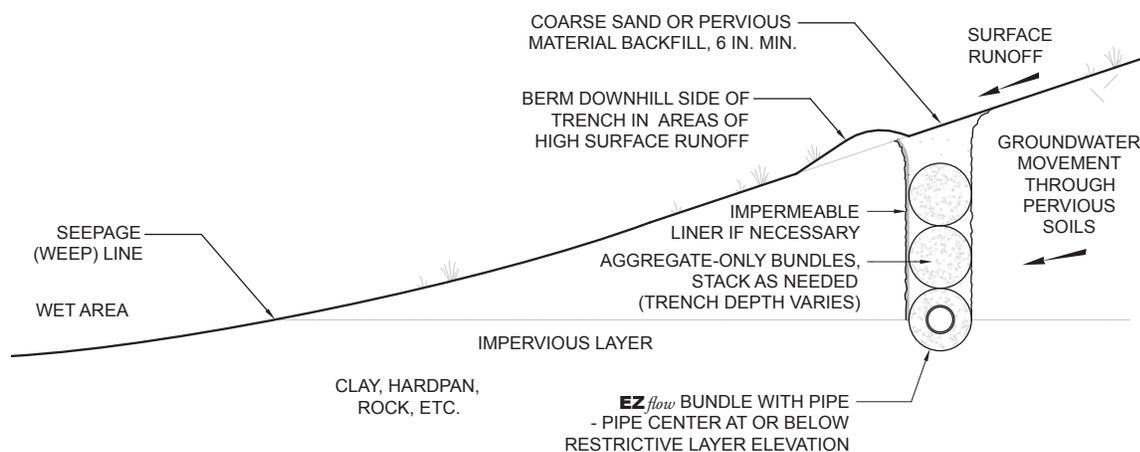
An interceptor drain is a type of French drain that collects surface water moving downhill and/or groundwater moving horizontally in the soil above an impervious or low-permeability layer. These drains prevent runoff and seepage from slopes onto areas below.

PLACEMENT

Interceptor drains should run along a contour above the area which is intended to be kept free from seepage and runoff. Interceptor drain trenches should penetrate one-half of an **EZflow** bundle diameter into the impervious layer below the water table, extend the length of the existing seepage line and run to daylight at a code-compliant outfall.

PRODUCT

The 10-inch **EZflow** drainage bundles with integrated 4-inch pipe are appropriate for most interceptor drain situations. In conditions of excessive surface runoff or groundwater, or if there is over 200 feet of drain line, the 15-inch bundles with 6-inch pipe are recommended.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The steps below offer typical installation practices for interceptor drains and will vary based on site conditions.

1. Identify and mark off a hillside contour parallel with the slope to intercept surface water runoff. Lay the system out to allow for at least two feet in elevation above the impervious layer causing a downgradient groundwater seep.
2. Start excavating the trench at the discharge point or where connections to downstream piping will be made. The trench width should be equal to the diameter of the bundle being used. The trench depth should be deep enough to excavate one-half of a bundle diameter into the impervious layer. It may be desirable to create a small soil berm on the downhill side of the trench in areas of high surface flow to encourage runoff infiltration into the drain. Ensure proper slopes by using a transit or builder's level and grade the trench bottom to promote the flow of collected water.
3. Place the **EZflow** drainage bundles with pipe end to end along the edge of the trench. Fully insert the proper couplings at all system connections. An impervious liner may also be installed the full depth on the downhill side of the trench to further control seepage below. Lay the connected bundles with pipe in the trench, stacking aggregate-only bundles above the pipe-containing bundles as needed.
4. Place a minimum of 6 inches of permeable backfill over the bundles without compaction. Additional sand/backfill can be placed and compacted normally above the loose fill to prevent trench saddling. Cover trench with sod, sand or topsoil and seed to finish installation.

Curtain Drains

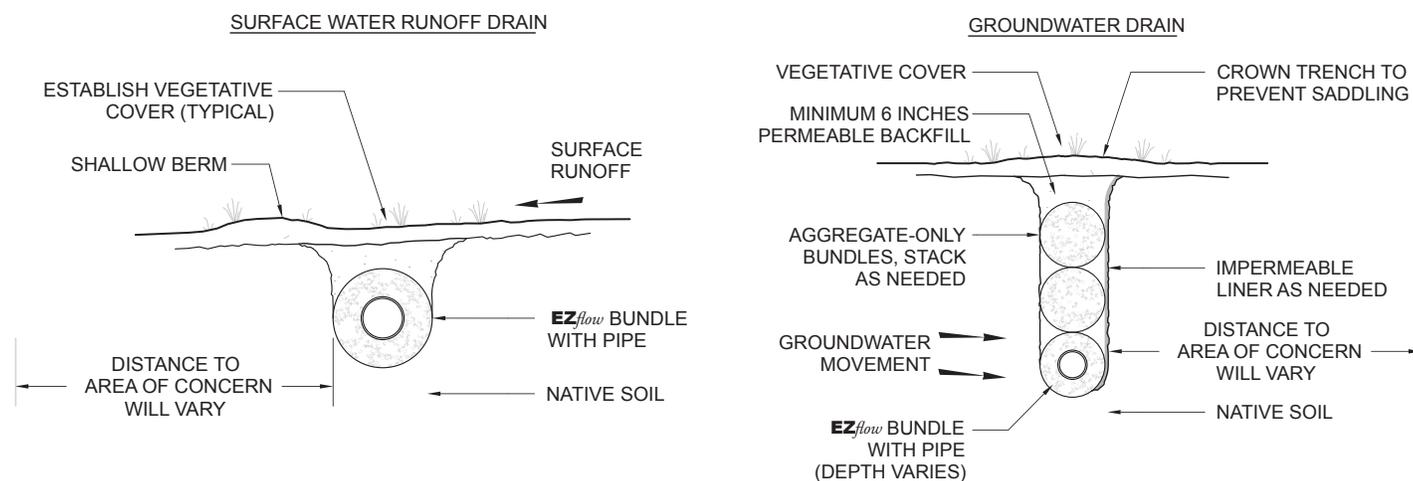
A curtain drain is a type of French drain that collects and diverts groundwater and surface runoff away from an area of concern, such as a septic system drainfield. For a drain field, curtain drains are useful in controlling groundwater conditions that may compromise system function. **EZflow** curtain drain systems can help preserve the proper functioning of septic system drainfields.

PLACEMENT

Curtain drain configuration, discharge, installation depth and horizontal setback from septic system drainfields vary based upon local conditions. Curtain drains can be placed deeply to collect and divert groundwater, shallower for controlling surface runoff, or in both configurations as needed. An observation port may be installed to monitor curtain drain function. An impervious liner may also be installed on the curtain drain trench sidewall as needed.

PRODUCT

Product selection will vary depending on applicable codes and the amount of water to be collected and diverted. The 10-inch **EZflow** drainage bundles with integrated 4-inch pipe are suitable for most curtain drain applications. For longer systems over 200 feet in length the 15-inch bundles with 6-inch pipe are recommended.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The steps below offer typical installation practices for curtain drains and will vary based on site conditions.

1. Identify and mark off the curtain drain outline before excavation, noting the location of the area of concern, such as the septic system drainfield.
2. Start excavating the trench at the discharge point or where connections to downstream piping will be made. The trench width should be approximately equal to the diameter of the bundle being used. It may be desirable to create a small soil berm on the downhill side of the trench in areas of high surface flow to encourage runoff infiltration into the drain. Ensure proper slopes by using a transit or builder's level and grade the trench bottom evenly to promote the flow of collected water.
3. Place the **EZflow** drainage pipe-containing bundles end to end along the edge of the trench. Fully insert the proper couplings at all system connections. An impervious liner may also be installed the full depth of the trench sidewall as needed. Lay the connected bundles with pipe in the trench, stacking aggregate-only bundles above the pipe-containing bundles as needed.
4. Place a minimum of 6 inches of permeable backfill over the bundles without compaction. Additional backfill can be placed and compacted normally above the loose fill to prevent trench saddling. Cover the trench with sod or topsoil and seed to finish the installation.

Landscape Drains

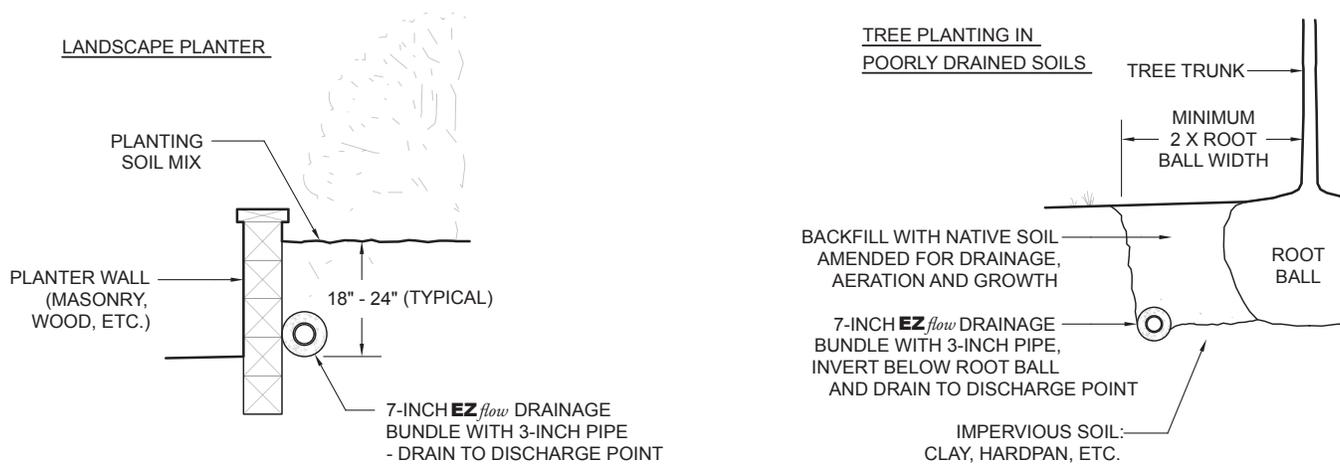
Landscape drains are used to prevent excess soil saturation in planting beds and structural planters that would otherwise compromise the health of landscape and ornamental plantings.

PLACEMENT

For landscape plant beds, **EZflow** drainage bundles can be placed along the bed edge at the interface with other landscape elements such as the lawn or a walkway, or may follow an irregular alignment to target problem areas and/or respond to plant placement within the bed. For raised masonry or wood planters, **EZflow** drainage bundles are typically placed on the inside edge of the planter a minimum of 18 inches below finished grade, and up to 24 inches below grade for trees and other deep-rooted upland landscape plants. Bundles should extend to within the bed in larger planters as needed. **EZflow** drainage bundles must drain to a weep hole or other outlet through the planter wall to be effective. Tree plantings in poorly drained soils should utilize **EZflow** drainage bundles to form a ring offset a minimum of twice the width of the root ball from the trunk. Trenches should be dug 18 to 24 inches deep for plant beds and below the depth of the rootball in tree planting applications. The bundles must drain away from the planted area to a downgradient discharge point.

PRODUCT

The 7-inch **EZflow** bundles with integrated 3-inch pipe are appropriate for small raised planter, plant bed and tree planting drainage systems. The 10-inch bundles with a 4-inch pipe can be used in larger planting areas and in areas receiving runoff from other sources.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The steps below offer typical installation practices for landscape drains and will vary based on site conditions.

PLANT BEDS

Follow the general French drain installation instructions on Page 7 for **EZflow** drainage installation in plant beds.

RAISED PLANTER

1. Connect the **EZflow** drainage bundle to a planter weephole or other outlet through the planter wall. Arrange the **EZflow** bundle length along the inside perimeter of the planter wall a minimum of 18 inches below finish grade for most plantings, deeper for trees and other deep-rooted species. Additional bundles may be connected in large planters.

2. Backfill using an appropriate planting soil over the bundles, add plants and mulch per the planting plan. No sand cover is required as planting soil mix is designed to drain well while preserving adequate soil moisture.

TREE PLANTING IN POORLY DRAINED SOILS

1. Mark off the desired tree planting location and excavate a planting hole twice the width of the rootball and to a depth equal to the height of the rootball.

2. Dig a 4-inch-deep, 7-inch-wide trench along the interior circumference of the hole and place a 7-inch **EZflow** drainage bundle with pipe in the trench. The bundle must slope towards and be connected to additional piping that runs away from the planting hole to the discharge point.

3. Place the tree rootball in the center of the planting hole and backfill per the planting plan.

Golf Course Drains

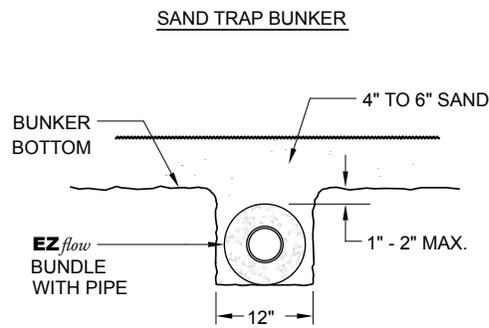
EZflow drainage systems are ideal for draining wet areas around the course and for installation of drainage systems on fairway and greenside bunkers.

PLACEMENT

Golf course drainage will generally follow the same placement recommendations as for French drain systems with special considerations for sand trap bunkers. Sand trap drainage trenches should be dug so that the top of the **EZflow** drainage bundle rests 1 to 2 inches below the bunker bottom to allow for maximum sand cover. Cleanout ports are recommended for bunker drainage systems at an accessible end of the main drain line.

PRODUCT

The 10-inch bundles with integrated 4-inch pipe are suitable for most sand trap bunker applications. For main drain lines in large bunkers consider an additional outlet or using the 15-inch bundles with integrated 6-inch drain pipe. Follow the French drains product guidelines for general wet area drainage.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The steps below offer typical installation practices for golf course drains and will vary based on site conditions.

WET AREAS

Follow the general french drain installation instructions on [Page 7](#) for **EZflow** drainage installation in wet areas around the golf course.

SAND TRAP BUNKER

1. Identify the slowest drainage areas of the sand trap and determine the pattern for the drain line: irregular, herring bone or gridiron (see french drains drainage patterns on page 6)
2. Remove the sand from the areas of the bunker along the proposed trenches. Start digging the trench at the discharge point or where connections to downstream piping will be made to receive the 10-inch **EZflow** drainage bundles with pipe. Trench width should be a minimum of 12 inches to allow for an inch of sand on either side, with a maximum depth of 11 to 12 inches.
3. Place the **EZflow** bundles with pipe end to end along the edge of the trench. Use an end cap at the system high point and fully insert the proper couplings at all bundle-to-bundle connections. Lay the connected bundles with pipe in the trench and cover with the removed sand. Sand can be "walked" into the trench to ensure proper fill.

PUTTING GREENS

Please contact NDS at 1-800-992-9949 x1404 for design consultation when considering using **EZflow** drainage systems in putting green applications.

Foundation and Footing Perimeter Drains

Foundation and footing perimeter drainage systems prevent moisture from entering a building basement or crawlspace through interception and removal. Aggregate-only **EZflow** drainage bundles stacked along the foundation wall face within 18 inches of exterior finished grade will intercept groundwater effectively and drain to a bundle with pipe below.

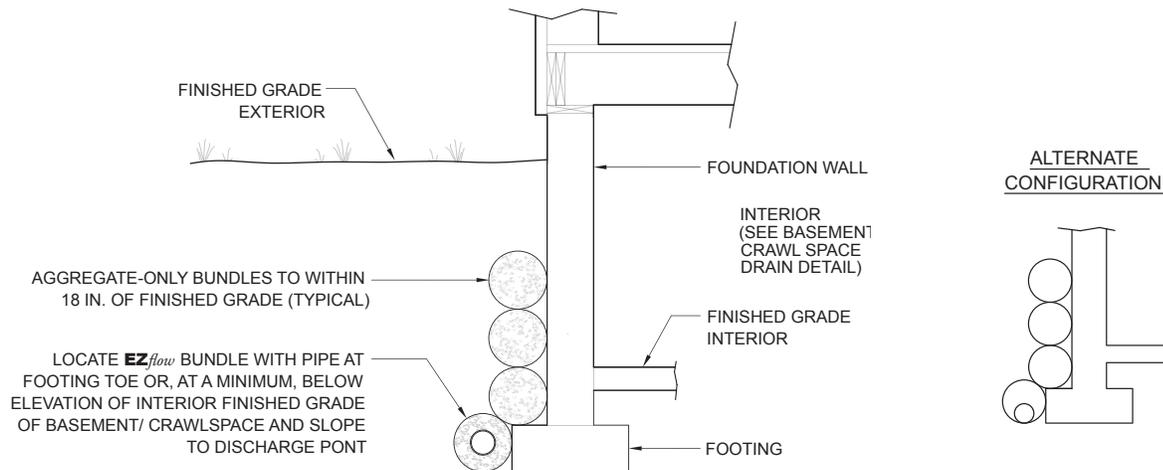
PLACEMENT

Ideal placement for the **EZflow** drainage bundle with pipe in a foundation drain is at the footing toe along the entire building foundation perimeter, or at a minimum, below the finished grade elevation of the interior basement or crawlspace. The drain should have a continuous slope and outlet that runs to the drainage point. The system outlet should slope greater than the footing perimeter drain and have a diameter equal to or preferably greater than that of the drain pipe.

Note: It is important that roof runoff not drain directly into foundation and footing drains, although it is acceptable to connect these systems in a manner that prevents roof runoff from entering the foundation and footing drain system and allows them to discharge together.

PRODUCT

The **EZflow** 10-inch drainage bundles with integrated 4-inch pipe are suitable for most foundation conditions. If there is over 200 feet of footing or high groundwater conditions, consider an additional outlet or using the 15-inch bundles with integrated 6-inch drain pipe.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The steps below offer typical installation practices for perimeter drains and will vary based on site conditions.

1. Starting at the discharge point or where connections to downstream piping will be made, place the **EZflow** drainage bundles with pipe next to the foundation footing, or at a minimum below the basement or crawlspace finished floor elevation, but at a maximum of 12 feet. The bundles must run along the entire footing perimeter and be placed upon a prepared subgrade base sloped evenly to drain. Use an end cap at any high point and fully insert proper couplings at all system connections.
2. Place aggregate-only bundles above and touching the pipe-containing bundle, ensuring hydraulic connectivity over the footing. Place additional aggregate-only bundles up the foundation wall to the desired height, generally within 18 inches of finished grade. Bundles can be held in place with stakes as needed prior to backfilling. Avoid tearing the mesh fabric when staking.
3. Backfill the foundation excavation according to the site plans. Make sure that no large stones or debris are in contact with the **EZflow** drainage system.



Retaining Walls

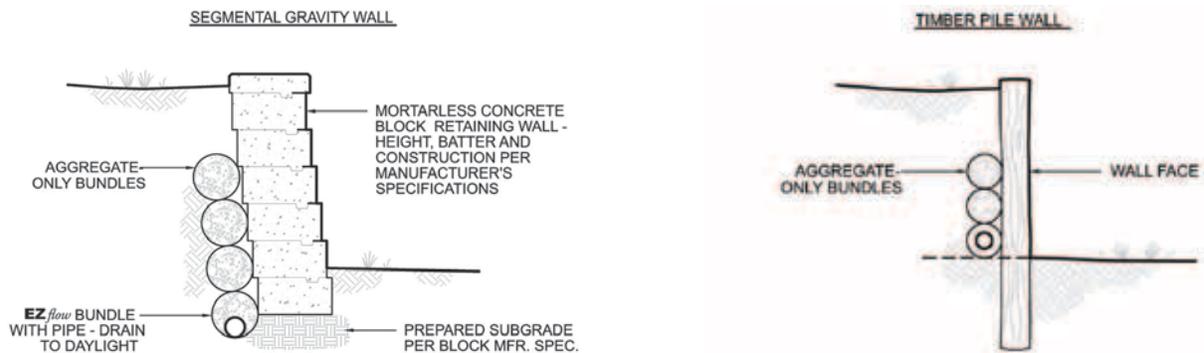
Retaining walls work to hold back earth in the landscape. Hydrostatic pressure from groundwater can cause even low retaining walls to fail, so drainage is critical to wall longevity. Also, groundwater weeping through dry-stacked masonry or timber pile retaining walls can cause unsightly staining and streaking. Similar to their function in foundation and footing drains, **EZflow** drainage systems intercept and convey groundwater from behind a retaining wall, relieving hydrostatic pressure and preventing weeps.

PLACEMENT

Depending on retaining wall design and groundwater conditions, **EZflow** drainage bundles can be placed at the base of the wall footing or stacked on the backside of the wall.

PRODUCT

EZflow drainage bundle selection for most gravity and piling retaining wall applications should correspond to the diameter of pipe and arrangement of drainage aggregate specified on approved plans.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The steps below offer typical installation practices for retaining wall drains and will vary based on site conditions.

*Note: It is not recommended that an installation contractor substitute **EZflow** drainage systems for stone where the stone is being utilized for wall support such as in backfill of cantilever, anchor and mechanically-stabilized-earth retaining wall systems. It is not recommended that **EZflow** drainage bundles be used in walls having greater than 5-feet of exposed wall face. A qualified design engineer can utilize **EZflow** drainage bundles in these walls with proper design protocol that considers the lightweight nature of these products.*

1. Starting at the discharge point or where connections to downstream piping will be made, place the **EZflow** bundles with pipe next to the retaining wall footing in gravity walls, or at a minimum below the finished grade elevation in front of the wall. In piling walls, place the bottom bundle behind the wall at an elevation equal to the finished grade elevation in front of the wall. Use an end cap at any system high point and fully insert the proper couplings at all system connections.

2. Place aggregate-only bundles above and touching the bottom pipe-containing bundle, ensuring hydraulic connectivity over the footing and up the foundation wall to the desired height, generally within 18 inches of finished grade. Bundles can be held in place with stakes as needed prior to backfilling. Avoid tearing the mesh fabric with stakes.

3. Backfill the retaining wall excavation according to the site plans. Make sure that no large stones or debris are in contact with **EZflow** drainage system.



Roof Runoff Drains

Roof runoff drains divert rainwater collected in a gutter system away from the building foundation. Systems can be designed to allow for maximum groundwater recharge and to discharge peak flows into the landscape.

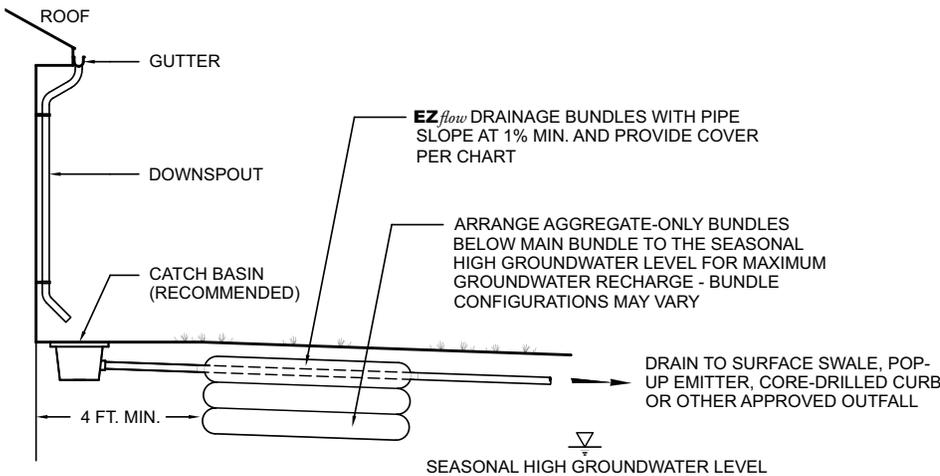
PLACEMENT

Roof runoff systems should not drain toward building foundations or retaining walls so as not to increase hydrostatic pressure on these elements or overload their relative drainage systems.

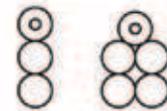
Gutter drain systems should utilize **EZflow** drainage bundles starting a minimum 4 ft. from and aligned away from the building foundation. NDS catch basins combined with solid (unperforated) pipe systems and bends can receive direct gutter flow and convey it to the **EZflow** drainage bundles. Gutter drain systems should then discharge to a pop-up emitter, surface swale, core-drilled curb or other discharge point. Stacking aggregate-only bundles to the seasonal high groundwater level in the soil below the main receiving bundles will maximize groundwater recharge and limit peak outflows.

PRODUCT

In general, **EZflow** drainage bundles should be selected with a pipe diameter equal to or greater than the size of the downspout. If two or more downspouts are connected to drain into one **EZflow** drainage bundle, the 15-inch bundle with 6-inch pipe should be utilized.



EXAMPLE CONFIGURATIONS



MINIMUM SOIL COVER IN VERTICAL STACK ROOF RUNOFF APPLICATIONS

No. of 10" Bundles	Minimum Soil Cover
1 or 2	6"
3	8"
4	10"
5	12"

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The steps below offer typical installation practices for roof runoff drains and will vary based on site conditions. Refer to page 5 for minimum cover and maximum bundle chart to prevent flotation for a filled drainage area.

1. Identify downspout locations for connection to the proposed roof runoff system. Mark off areas for connection piping and for the **EZflow** drainage bundles, considering system discharge limitations.
2. Excavate locations for catch basins, pipe runs and bundles. The trench for the **EZflow** drainage bundles should match the bundle width and can be excavated to the seasonal high groundwater level for maximum groundwater recharge.
3. Install aggregate-only **EZflow** drainage bundles along the bottom of the deep trench as needed for maximum groundwater recharge, and the pipe-containing bundle with pipe at the appropriate depth to ensure a minimum 4 inches of soil cover above the system.
4. Install an NDS or equivalent catch basin to directly receive downspout discharge and run a minimum 4-foot length of solid (unperforated) pipe away from the building foundation before connecting to the **EZflow** drainage pipe. More than one downspout can be connected prior to entering the system with properly-sloped solid piping and connections. Catch basins are recommended for ease of maintenance. Clean-outs must be installed if direct downspout to drainage system connections are made.
5. Following the **EZflow** drainage bundle assembly, install a solid pipe run to a pop-up emitter, surface swale, core-drilled curb or other drainage point. Fully insert the proper couplings at all system connections.
6. Cover the trench and other exposed excavation areas with sod or topsoil and seed to finish the installation.

Basement/Crawlspace Dewatering

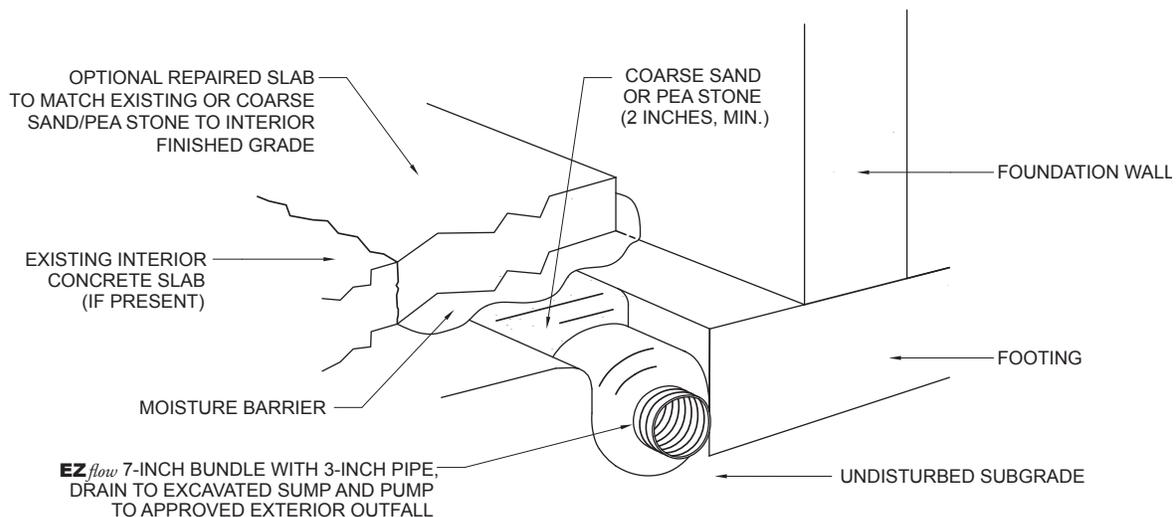
In many cases older homes were constructed without foundation and footing perimeter drains. A basement area or crawlspace can become inundated when groundwater levels rise with seasonal cycles or following heavy rains. Retrofitting a footing drain on an existing home can be impractical considering paved areas, steps, decks and patios, site access, utility connections and mature landscaping. A better solution may be to install an interior basement or crawlspace drain system that conveys collected water to a discharge point or sump for removal from basement or crawlspace by pump.

PLACEMENT

For **EZflow** drainage basement and crawlspace dewatering systems it is recommended that a 10- to 12-inch-wide trench be excavated along the interior foundation wall a minimum of 9 inches deep below the floor surface elevation for a soil floor or 9 inches below the bottom of floor slab elevation for a concrete floor. The trench must slope towards and discharge into an excavated sump. Installation should be avoided during flooded conditions or when no other outlet exists.

PRODUCT

7-inch **EZflow** drainage bundles with 3-inch pipe are installed along the bottom of the trench with appropriate fittings at trench bends. A minimum 2-inch layer of permeable backfill is placed above the bundle to support poured concrete in slab repair situations or brought to finished grade where the concrete slab exists.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The steps below offer typical installation practices for basement/crawlspace dewatering drains and will vary based on site conditions.

1. Excavate a trench along the inside perimeter of the foundation wall being careful to not damage or interfere with existing utilities. The trench should be a minimum of 9 inches deep and should be sloped evenly towards an excavated sump or discharge point.
2. Connect the 7-inch **EZflow** bundle with 3-inch pipe to the excavated sump outfall and connect additional bundles to run the entire length of the trench. Use an end cap at any system high point and fully insert the proper couplings at all system connections.
3. Place a minimum 2-inch layer of clean, coarse sand or washed pea gravel above the bundle to support poured concrete in slab repair situations, or place the sand/gravel to finished grade where no concrete slab exists.

NDS EZFLOW™ WARRANTY

STANDARD LIMITED WARRANTY

(a) The structural integrity of each EZFlow expanded polystyrene drainage system manufactured by EZFlow LP and distributed by National Diversified Sales, Inc. (“NDS”), when installed and operated in a drainage system in accordance with its instructions, is warranted to the original purchaser (“Holder”) against defective materials and workmanship for one year from the date installation of the drainage system commences. To exercise its warranty rights, Holder must notify NDS in writing at its Corporate Headquarters, 21820 Burbank Blvd., Suite 200, Woodland Hills, CA 91367 within fifteen (15) days of the alleged defect. EZFlow LP will supply replacement Units for Units determined by EZFlow LP to be covered by this Limited Warranty. The liability of EZFlow LP and NDS specifically excludes the cost of removal and/or installation of the Units.

(b) THE LIMITED WARRANTY AND REMEDIES IN SUBPARAGRAPH (a) ARE EXCLUSIVE. THERE ARE NO OTHER WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE UNITS, INCLUDING NO IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE

(c) The Limited Warranty does not extend to incidental, consequential, special or indirect damages. EZFlow LP and NDS shall not be liable for penalties or liquidated damages, including loss of production and profits, labor and materials, overhead costs, or other losses or expenses incurred by the Holder or any third party. Specifically excluded from Limited Warranty coverage are damage to the Units due to ordinary wear and tear, alteration, accident, misuse, abuse or neglect of the Units; the Units being subjected to vehicle traffic or other conditions which are not permitted by the installation instructions; failure to maintain the minimum ground covers set forth in the installation instructions; failure of the Units due to improper sitting or improper sizing; or any other event not caused by EZFlow LP or NDS, This Limited Warranty shall be void if the Holder fails to comply with all of the terms set forth in this Limited Warranty. Further, in no event shall EZFlow LP or NDS be responsible for any loss or damage to the Holder, the Units, or any third party resulting from installation or shipment, or from any product liability claims of Holder or any third party.

(d) No representative of EZFlow LP or NDS has the authority to change or extend this Limited Warranty. No warranty applies to any party other than the original Holder.

